Supermarket Survival Guide

Hello Stronger Together Education Academy

Shopping Time!

Let's tackle refilling your bare cupboards and fridge with healthy staple items.

Hit the grocery store prepared with our handy Supermarket Survival Guide, whichwill help you:

- Navigate the supermarket like a pro;
- · Shop as efficiently as possible;
- · Reduce temptations and distractions; and
- Ensure you get all kinds of healthy foods!

Start with what you like, and will eat

These shopping lists are to give you ideas. You don't have to buy everything on thelist.

We suggest you start with a few of your favorites from each group.

For example:

- 3 vegetables: spinach, carrots, broccoli
- 3 fruits: blueberries, oranges, apples
- 3 proteins: chicken breast, salmon, eggs
- 3 healthy fats: coconut, avocado, almonds
- 3 starches: oatmeal, beans, sweet potatoes

If there's something we've missed that fits the criteria, feel free to try it.

For instance, you might find other fresh fish than the ones we've mentioned, or another fruit or veggie (cardoons or cactus pears, anyone?).



Have a plan beforehand

Use a list

Always shop with a list, whether that's ours or your own.

If it's not on the list, you don't buy it. That saves you time, money, and having to throw out impulse buys.

Know supermarket geography

Most supermarkets are laid out the same way:

- Most of the healthy stuff is around the edges.
- Most of the stuff to avoid is in the inner aisles, and beside the checkout.

Plan your attack and movements.

- Stick mostly to the perimeter, where you'll find lean protein plus fruits & veggies.
- Be especially cautious around the cash register and ends of the aisles, where there are often eye-catching displays of junk. (And yes, the bakery is the first thing you smell when you walk in... for good reason.)

You'll not only be healthier and fitter if you practice this planning and "game plan" execution routine, but also more efficient and effective at the task itself.

Good luck!



Fruits & vegetables

Look for what's local, fresh, and in season.

Purple & blue	Orange & yellow	Red & pink
☐ Eggplant ☐ Red cabbage ☐ Purple kale ☐ Beets ☐ Blueberries, blackberries ☐ Purple carrots ☐ Purple potatoes ☐ Black grapes ☐ Black cherries ☐ Black currants (fresh) ☐ Black/purple plums	 ☐ Oranges ☐ Winter squash and pumpkin ☐ Orange peppers ☐ Carrots ☐ Cantaloupe ☐ Orange cauliflower ☐ Orange sweet potatoes ☐ Apricots, peaches ☐ Mangoes 	 ☐ Red peppers ☐ Tomatoes ☐ Strawberries ☐ Cherries ☐ Fresh cranberries ☐ Red grapefruit ☐ Red-skinned apples ☐ Watermelon ☐ Red grapes ☐ Red-skinned radishes ☐ Red lettuce, radicchio ☐ Rhubarb stems ☐ Pomegranates
Dark green		Miscellaneous
Spinach		☐ Onions, leeks, shallots
Beet greens (the tops of beets)		☐ Garlic
☐ Kale ☐ Broccoli		 ☐ Mushrooms
Any other dark leafy green (e.g. turnip greens, collard		Cauliflower
greens)	r (e.g. turnip greens, conard	☐ Fennel/anise
☐ Brussels sprouts		☐ Celery
Fresh herbs (e.g. parsley, basil)		Daikon radish
☐ Green beans, green peas ☐ Bean sprouts		
☐ Avocado		
☐ Avocado☐ Okra		

Lean protein

Meat ☐ Lean/extra-lean cuts of beef ☐ Lamb ☐ Lean pork (e.g. pork tenderloin) ☐ Wild game (e.g. venison, elk)	Poultry Chicken Turkey breast Duck Eggs & egg whites
Fish Salmon Tilapia Cod Haddock Smaller fish like herring or mackerel	Seafood Shrimp (fresh or plain frozen) Mussels, clams, scallops Crab, lobster Calamari (not deep-fried)
Dairy Milk* Cottage cheese* Plain yogurt / Greek yogurt* Protein powders (e.g. whey protein, casein protein, milk protein blend) *If you want to lose fat, remember that higher-fat versions of these are energy-dense, i.e. higher in calories per serving. Adjust portions accordingly.	Lentils Beans Peas (chickpeas, pigeon peas, etc.) Hummus Tofu, natto Vegetarian protein powders (e.g. hemp protein, brown rice protein, vegan blend)
Condiments Lentils Beans Peas (chickpeas, pigeon peas, etc.) Hummus Tofu, natto Vegetarian protein powders (e.g. hemp protein, brown rice protein, vegan blend)	

Good fats

Look for less processed and/or "whole food" fat sources.

Cold-pressed oils		Nuts & seeds	S
 □ Extra-virgin olive oil □ Walnut oil □ Hemp seed oil □ Pumpkin seed oil □ Avocado seed oil □ Flax seed oil □ Extra-virgin coconut oil □ Butter (look for grass-fed / opossible) □ Fresh avocado □ Fresh guacamole 		(e.g. almono pecans, Bra Raw, unflav (e.g. pumpk etc.) Dry-roasted Ground flax Coconut (inc shredded coyoung coco Natural pea	seeds cluding fresh, unsweetened oconut or the flesh of a nut) nut butter butters fully. Many nuts are roasted with
Quality starches			
Look for whole food starches, such tubers.	as whole grains	and starchy	
Whole grains Oats Buckwheat Barley Brown rice Wild rice Red rice Amaranth	Sorghum Quinoa Spelt Kamut Teff Wheat berriewheat kerne	es (whole els)	Starchy fruit / veg Purple, red, or gold potatoes Sweet potatoes / yams Yuca / cassava Plantains Legumes Lentils & beans

Label reading checklist

LOOK FOR	
☐ Whole foods☐ No more than a few ingredients☐ Food that is close to what it used to be	☐ Organic if possible☐ Local if possible☐ Minimal or no packaging
AVOID Sugar (look for trick words and phrases) Other sweeteners Hydrogenated and fractionated oils such as corn or palm oil Additives, preservatives, and coloring Any other ingredients you don't recognize More than a few ingredients	Trick words & phrases "Syrup" – corn syrup, brown rice syrup, agave syrup, etc. Words starting with "malto" – maltodextrin, maltitol, etc. "Made with / contains real fruit" "Fortified with"

Don't be fooled!

Ignore what the front of the package says. Look at the back of the package.

Remember, if a packaged food claims to be "healthy", it probably isn't. "Organic sugar" is still sugar.